



**UGANDA INSTITUTE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS
TECHNOLOGY**

END OF SEMESTER ONE EXAMINATIONS

ACADEMIC YEAR 2024/2025

DEPARTMENT : ICT
YEAR OF STUDY : ONE
PROGRAMME : Diploma in Computer Science (DCS)
COURSE : Computational Mathematics
COURSE CODE : CMT112
DATE : 11th December 2024
TIME : 9:00AM – 12:00NOON
DURATION : 3 Hours

INSTRUCTIONS

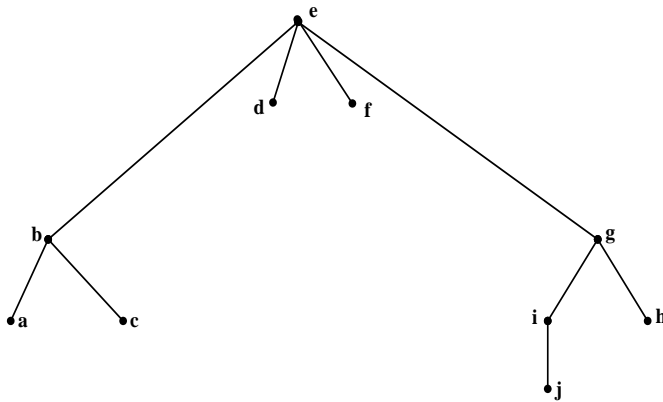
- (a) This paper consists of two sections A and B**
- (b) Section A carry 40 marks and is compulsory**
- (c) Attempt any THREE questions from section B**
- (d) Any number in section B carry equal marks**
- (e) Credit will be given for use of relevant examples and illustrations**
- (f) Begin each number on a new page of the answer sheet**

SECTION A (COMPULSORY) – [40 MARKS]

Question 1

- (i) Determine all the permutations of letters in the word MAT. (4 Marks)
- (ii) Determine the combinations of 3 letters taken from the word PATHS (4 marks)
- (iii) $FA5_{Hexa}$ to binary. (4 Marks)
- (iv) 672355_{octal} to Hexadecimal (4 Marks)
- (v) Simple Graph (2 Marks)
- (vi) Directed graph (2 Marks)
- (vii) Evaluate 5P_2 (4 Marks)
- (viii) Evaluate 4C_2 (4 Marks)

Use the tree given below to answer the following questions:



- (ix) List two descendants of node g. (2 Marks)
- (x) Determine the depth of node h. (2 Marks)
- (xi) State one application of trees in the computing industry. (2 Marks)
- (xii) Define a multigraph as used in graph theory. (2 Marks)
- (xiii) Determine the number of permutations obtained from the letters of the word: "SUCCESS". (4 Marks)

SECTION B – [60 MARKS]

Attempt any three questions.

Question Two

- (a) Show whether the propositions below are equivalent
 $(p \otimes q) \dot{\cup} (p \otimes r) \circ (p \dot{\cup} q) \otimes r$ (5 Marks)
- (b) Show whether this is a tautology.
 $(p \dot{\cup} q) \dot{\cup} (p \otimes q)$ (5 Marks)
- (c) Given two variables, p and q draw truth table for:

- (i) OR (4 Marks)
- (ii) AND (4 Marks)
- (iii) NOT (2 Marks)

Question Three

- a) Given $U = \{ \text{Numbers greater from 1 to 10} \}$
 $A = \{ \text{Odd numbers less than 10} \}$
 $B = \{ \text{Prime numbers between 0 and 10} \}$
- (i) Write down the bit stream representing set B (4 Marks)
 - (ii) Write down the bit stream representing set A (4 Marks)
 - (iii) Find $A - B$ (4 Marks)
 - (b) Draw a K_5 bipartite graph (4 Marks)
 - (e) Given that R is a relation from A to B such that $(a,b) \in R$ if the sum of a and b is even. (4 Marks)

Question Four

- (a) Define the term "Relation" as used in computational mathematics. (2 Marks)
- (b) If $A = \{ 1, 2, 3 \}$ and $B = \{ 2, 4 \}$; find the Cartesian product $A \times B$. (4 Marks)
- (c) Let set V be a set of vertices and A be a set of edges such that:
 $E = \{ (1,4), (1,2), (1,3), (4,3), (2,4) \}$ and $V = \{ 1, 2, 3, 4 \}$
 Draw a digraph to represent the above information. (4 Marks)
- (d) Given that R is a relation from A to B such that $(a,b) \in R$ if the sum of a and b is even
- (i) Determine R (4 Marks)
- (ii) Given $p \text{ ® } q$, write down statements for the converse, inverse and contrapositive of the statement. (6 Marks)

Question Five

- (a) Expand the expression $(1 + x)^3$ hence evaluate $(1.1)^3$. (6 Marks)
- (b) In a family meeting of five members the father is supposed to sit in the middle. How many different sitting arrangements can be made, if the members sit in a straight row? (4 Marks)
- (c) Determine the 5th term of the expansion of $(1 + x)^5$ (4 Marks)
- (d) 5 students from DCS and 4 from ITB have been recommended by the Academic Registrar to attend a Hackerthon. The sponsors have only three slots for the students. The HOD making the final list of three students to attend the Hackerthon must include a student from each of the two programs. In how many different ways can the 3 students be selected? (6 Marks)

Question Six

- (a) Define the following terms as used in set theory
 - (i) Cardinality (2 Marks)
 - (ii) Empty set (2 Marks)
- (b) UICT undertook a survey involving 170 students. 115 of the students like Chelsea (C), 110 like Arsenal (A) and 130 like Liverpool (L). 75 like C and A, 85 like C and L, while 95 like A and L.

Using Venn diagrams determine how many students like:

(i) all the three clubs **(3 Marks)**

(ii) only Arsenal **(3 Marks)**

(iii) Chelsea but not Liverpool **(3 Marks)**

(c) Using Venn diagrams show that $A \cap (B \cup C) = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)$ **(3 Marks)**

(d) Given below are vertices and the edges between the vertices:

Vertices: A, B, C, D

Edges: AB, AC, BD, CD

Construct the corresponding adjacency matrix. **(4 marks)**

END